# WM241-18 Human Behavior in Cyber Systems

#### 24/25

Department WMG Level Undergraduate Level 2 Module leader Elzbieta Titis Credit value 18 Module duration 30 weeks Assessment 100% coursework Study location University of Warwick main campus, Coventry

# Description

# Introductory description

Human-computer interaction (HCI) is concerned with designing interactions between human activities and the computational systems that support them, and with constructing interfaces to afford those interactions. Interaction between users and computational artefacts occurs at an interface that includes both software and hardware. Human behaviour should influence interface design and implementation of core functionality. For end-users, the interface is the system, meaning design in this domain must be interaction-focused and human-centred. It is therefore imperative that during the design phase of this human-computer interface cyber security component of human behaviour is addressed. One of the most significant challenges in the cyber domain is the transfer of meaning between the fully human agent, and the fully digital sub-system. Failure to correctly align human behaviour with computing sub-system behaviour has contributed to numerous, historic cyber security problems.

In addition, psychological traits and individual differences among computer system users can further explain vulnerabilities to cyber security attacks and crimes, as cognitive biases and impaired brain health can make individuals more susceptible to exploitation by cyber criminals. Cyber security procedures and policies are prevalent countermeasures for protecting organizations from cybercrimes and security incidents, however, without considering human behaviours, implementing these countermeasures will remain useless.

Consequently, this module places the person at the centre of the cyber domain by addressing the problematic of human factors in general and usable security in particular. As such, the focus is on trade-offs between usability and security on the one hand, and human psychology and human error on the other hand. Human vulnerabilities will be addressed in detail to build greater cyber resilience, and narrative around security awareness/training programmes and security culture will be also introduced for understanding broader, non-technical influences on security through minimising human related risks.

### Module aims

- 1. To provide students with high levels of skills, knowledge, and competency around human factors (HFs) and human-computer interaction (HCI) research.
- 2. To provide students with the opportunity to contextualise and apply learning in the field of HCI by undertaking an independent usability assessment of an online system to address trade-offs with security using appropriate methodological and analytical techniques.
- 3. To provide students with in-depth knowledge of human psychology and human error to understand human traits and behaviours commonly exploited by malevolent actors.

# **Outline syllabus**

This is an indicative module outline only to give an indication of the sort of topics that may be covered. Actual sessions held may differ.

The content of this module will be taught from a cyber security perspective, embracing cognitive science and human factors engineering, and will include:

- Foundations;
- User-centred design and testing;
- Usable security incl. trade-offs;
- Human factors and security.

Specifically, the module will cover:

- Cognitive hacking, incl. psychological levers used by cyber criminals;
- Human error and insider threat;
- Approaches and frameworks for changing behaviour;
- Approaches and frameworks for ethical decision making;
- Nudging and persuasion towards better cyber security;
- Human cognitive capabilities and limitations;
- Cyber security culture and hygiene.

As such the module is highly interdisciplinary, incorporating diverse concepts and approaches from many different disciplines, including computer science, psychology, ethics and cyber security.

# Learning outcomes

By the end of the module, students should be able to:

- Select and critically evaluate the different factors that are pertinent to the security and usability of secure systems in their contexts of use.
- Apply techniques from interaction design to design and evaluate secure systems including security concerns for web application security.
- Analyse the relationship between user behaviour in digital space and cyber security consequences.
- Propose a theory-informed intervention appraising the role of human factors in delivering cyber security.

### Indicative reading list

Rogers et al. (2007). Interaction Design: Beyond Human-Computer Interaction. Forth Edition. John Wiley and Sons.

Corradini (2020). Building a cybersecurity culture in organizations. How to Bridge the Gap Between People and Digital Technology (Vol. 284). Berlin/Heidelberg, Germany: Springer International Publishing.

Thaler and Sunstein (2009). Nudge: Improving decisions about health, wealth, and happiness. Penguin Books Ltd.

View reading list on Talis Aspire

### Interdisciplinary

The module uses insights from Psychology and Sociology to understand usability issues, human behaviour, requirements gathering and innovation processes relevant for cyber security.

# Subject specific skills

Knowledge of issues and problems in HCI.

Understanding of different disciplinary perspectives and ability to apply them to solve design and deployment challenges pertaining to cyber security.

Devising, planning, and executing requirements investigations and system evaluation, and presenting findings in a clear and effective manner.

Demonstrating awareness of current areas of research in human factors by locating and summarising examples of recent controversy and progress.

# Transferable skills

Researching literature.

Communication, critical thinking, and problem solving.

Time management.

Teamwork.

Competence in multi-disciplinary research.

Presenting to peers a critical evaluation of own research work.

Defending their own work to an audience of peers.

## Study

# Study time

Туре	Required
Lectures	18 sessions of 1 hour (10%)
Supervised practical classes	18 sessions of 1 hour (10%)
Online learning (independent)	15 sessions of 1 hour (8%)
Private study	57 hours (32%)
Assessment	72 hours (40%)
Total	180 hours

### Private study description

Independent activity between labs/workshops, following up on activities initiated in previous labs/workshops or preparing for upcoming labs/workshops.

### Costs

No further costs have been identified for this module.

## Assessment

You must pass all assessment components to pass the module.

#### Assessment group A4

	Weighting	Study time	Eligible for self- certification	
Assessment component				
Security and usability trade-offs	30%	20 hours	Yes (extension)	
In this coursework, stud on a security-usability th	ents will be asked to a nreat model.	analyse the security a	nd usability of a system bas	ed

	Weighting	Study time	Eligible for self- certification	
Assessment component				
Written asynchronous portfolio	70%	52 hours	Yes (extension)	
The portfolio will include design for a system; b) tasks*; c) research pape statement; and e) propo experiential reflective pi asnwering the following does the material catch	e a selection of different experiential reflection er selection incl. textual sal of behaviour chan ece, students will anal questions: How has the my attention? Are the	nt written tasks: a) pro- on practical lab tasks al reflection**; d) short ge intervention for a g lyse their own persona ne material affected m re unsolved questions	posal of improved usability with evidence of completing critical reflection on a giver iven scenario. *With the al learning experience e? What have I learned? H or critical issues? How will	ן ו ow
the material affect my fu written text, which can b analysis and interpretati	iture thinking? **With the an article, essay or on of the material bac	the textual reflective p book chapter to then f ked up using specific	iece, students will analyse a ormulate their opinion, quotations. All the written	a

tasks to be submitted as a single submission at one point in time.

Reassessment component is the same

#### Feedback on assessment

Written feedback for each assignment. Verbal feedback during tutorial sessions. Summative feedback on assignments.

# Availability

#### Courses

This module is Core for:

• Year 2 of UWMA-H651 Undergraduate Cyber Security